







# Reducing Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infection (CLABSI) ICU's Heart **Hospital**

PROBLEM: From January 2012- Feb2013 the CLABSI infection rate is consistently above benchmark of 50<sup>th</sup> percentile in Intensive care unit of heart hospital.

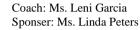
AIM: To decrease Central line associated blood stream Infection rate below 50<sup>th</sup> percentile benchmark by April 2013 and maintain zero infection till January 2015.

# **INTERVENTIONS:**

Ms. Shiny Shiju Ms. Elsamma Cyriac Dr. Alejandro Kohn

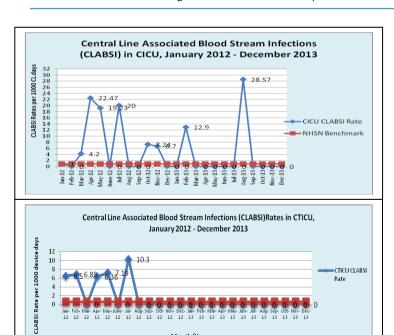
Dr. A. Gehani

- Developed a task force for CLABSI reduction project
- All ICU nursing staff and other Health Care Providers were educated on Hand Hygiene and maintenance of central line.
- 3. Hand Hygiene campaign was conducted a in Heart Hospital as an awareness program.
- Central line associated blood stream infection Bundles are reviewed to meet the Best practice guidelines.
- Nursing staff education on central line associated blood stream Infection and bundles.
- Monitoring for compliance on hand hygiene and sterile technique of invasive procedure continued by selected staff members and report are circulated to all staff with action plan.
- Started using Chlorhexidine Gluconate 2% bath daily for patient with central line.
- Started to use 4% Chlorhexiding Gluconate bath before surgery.
- Preferred site of selection was changed to Jugular and Subclavian instead of Femoral site.
- 10. Early removal of central line and early transfer of patient from ICU are encouraged
- 11. Monthly presentation of compliance of CLABSI Bundles by Infection Control practitioner
- 12. Portable hand rub was installed in ICU Stations for easy access.
- 13. Introduced Chlorhexidine Wipe cloths for bath.
- 14. Started to use Tegaderm with Chlorhexidine patch for central line site



#### Team:

- 1. Mincy Shaji
- Joy Chryssi 2.
- Reeba George 3.
- Alpha Mejo
- 5. Rezeilyn Dorado
- Mona Ragab 6.
- Manal Malkawi 7.
- 8. Marie Quinn
- Dr. Jameela Ali



Month/Year

### **Conclusion:**

- 1. After Implementation of the action plan the infection rate decreased below 50<sup>th</sup> percentile and maintained zero rate from Feb.2013
- Site selection and Hand Hygiene compliance were the significant factors of CLABSI

# Next Step:

- To maintain zero rate in CLABSI till January 2015.
- Continue re education for the multidisciplinary team.
- Continue monitoring compliance with indicators.
- Achieve 90% overall compliance in Hand hygiene by July 2014.